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# NOTES AND NEWS

We are glad to announce that Professor James Harvey Robinson, now in Europe, has accepted his election as a member of the Board of Editors of this review, to fill out the remainder of the term of Professor William M. Sloane, whose resignation was noted with regret in our last issue

# AMERICAN HISTORICAL ASSOCIATION

It is important to note that on July 1 the secretary's office will be transferred from 500 Bond Building to 1140 Woodward Building, Washington, D. C. During the summer, however, from June 25 to September 25, his address will be Semitic Museum, Cambridge, Massachusetts.

The Annual Report for 1910 in one volume will be distributed during the summer. The Annual Report for 1911 will be in two volumes, the second of which will consist of the Toombs-Stevens-Cobb correspondence, edited by Professor U. B. Phillips for the Historical Manuscripts Commission.

It is probable that the essay by David S. Muzzey on *The Spiritual Franciscans*, awarded the Adams prize in 1906, which was published in a small separate edition, will be reprinted. In order to determine what demand there may be for the proposed reprint, members who desire it are asked so to inform the secretary. The price, to members, will be 75 cents.

The ninth annual meeting of the Pacific Coast Branch was held at Leland Stanford Junior University on April 5 and 6. At the first general session papers were read by Professor Henry L. Cannon on Royal Finances in the Time of Henry III. (to be printed in the *Annual Report* for 1912), by Professor William A. Morris, on the Norman Sheriff and the Local English Courts, and by Professor L. J. Paetow on Robert Grosseteste and the Intellectual Revival in the Thirteenth Century. At the dinner on Friday evening addresses were made by Professor Rockwell D. Hunt and Judge John E. Richards. At the second general session there were papers by Professor Robert C. Clark on the Canadian Settlers' Opposition to the Organization of a Government in Oregon, 1841–1844, and by Professor E. I. Miller on the Virginia Committee of Correspondence from 1759 to 1770. A teachers' session was devoted to the subject of economics in the high school.

At the business meeting it was voted to continue the Committee on Archives for a period of five years and to instruct it to endeavor to secure the publication of a comprehensive calendar of the archives of the Pacific Coast, and to take steps to insure the preservation and accessibility of the archives deposited in the California State Library. It was also voted to recommend for consideration by the American Historical Association the project submitted by Professor Cannon for publishing the Pipe Rolls and related manuscripts of the reign of Henry III., and to endeavor to secure a meeting of the Association in San Francisco during the Panama-Pacific Exposition. The following officers were elected: president, Arley B. Show, Stanford University; vice-president, William G. Roylance, University of Utah; secretary and treasurer, H. W. Edwards, Oakland High School; members of the council, in addition to the officers, Wilberforce Bliss, State Normal School, San Diego; Louis J. Paetow, University of California; Joseph Schafer, University of Oregon; Jeanne E. Wier, University of Nevada.

#### PERSONAL

Gabriel Monod, editor of the Revue Historique, died at his home in Versailles on April 10, at the age of sixty-eight. By his death the historical profession has lost one of its most eminent members, one who, as teacher, writer, and editor, has exercised a most important influence upon the development of historical scholarship, not only in France but throughout the world, during the last half-century. Born in 1844 at Havre, of Protestant stock, he was graduated from the École Normale Supérieure as premier agrégé d'histoire in 1865. After three years spent in Italy and in German universities, he was put in charge of the seminar of the sources of French history in the École Pratique des Hautes Études, which had just been established by Duruy in an effort to introduce into French higher education the methods of the German seminar. He remained in the École Pratique, as directeur des études, and later as president, until 1905. In 1880 he was appointed maître des conférences in the École Normale Supérieure, a position which he held until 1902. Upon his retirement in 1905 he was elected to the newly created chair of general history and historical method at the Collège de France, where he lectured until 1910. As a teacher, Monod was one whose pupils became his disciples, and his sound scholarship, his power of brilliant but cautious generalization, his enthusiasm, and the uncommon charm of his personality made of his seminar at the Hautes Études a centre to which students flocked from the Sorbonne, the École des Chartes, and the École Normale. No less important was Monod's work at the École Normale, where his special interest in the pedagogical aspects of history and the organization of historical studies imbued his lectures with a vitality and authority which caused them to have a profound influence upon the future teaching of history in France. Aside from teaching he performed important public service as a member of the Comité des Travaux Historiques, of the Commission Générale des Archives, and of the Commission des Archives Diplomatiques. All of Personal 889

these occupations, and many others, left him but small time for writing, and it is not surprising that he should not have produced any single work of magnitude. The list of his writings is not a short one but it is by no means the measure of his work and influence. The Études Critiques on the sources of Merovingian and Carolingian history appeared, from 1872, in the Bibliothèque de l'École des Hautes Études. His standard Bibliographic de l'Histoire de France (1888) supplied French scholarship with a tool comparable to the work of Dahlmann-Waitz. interest in method and historiography is shown in Les Maîtres de l'Histoire: Renan, Taine, Michelet (1894), Jules Michelet, Études sur sa Vie et ses Oeuvres (1905), De la Méthode dans les Sciences (1909), and in numerous articles. Shortly before his death he translated Boehmer's history of the Jesuits, supplementing it with a study of his own which displayed to the full the strict impartiality of his mind. His chief literary monument however is the Revue Historique, which, with Gustave Fagniez, he founded in 1875, and to which he gave himself with the unselfish enthusiasm of the true editor. From its establishment the Revue Historique has been the natural centre of French historical scholarship, and has set a standard which has generally been accepted as measurably near the ideal of the historical journal.

William B. Weeden of Providence died in that city on March 28, at the age of seventy-seven. He served with distinction in the Civil War and was for fifty years engaged in the manufacture of woolen fabrics. With much fullness of practical knowledge and a strikingly original mind he took up the study of varied subjects in political economy and history. His most notable work was his *Economic and Social History of New England* (1890), followed sixteen years later by an instructive study of the work of the "War Governors"—War Government, Federal and State (1906). He also published a volume on Early Rhode Island (1910). Mr. Weeden was a man of alert and varied intelligence and of most genial character.

Professor Henry W. Haynes, a distinguished archaeologist, and corresponding secretary of the Massachusetts Historical Society, died on February 16 at the age of eighty. For nearly forty years he had been devoted to archaeological researches in the United States, Egypt, and Europe.

Dr. George E. Woodbine has been promoted to an assistant professorship of history in Yale University.

Professor Fred Morrow Fling of the University of Nebraska is to deliver during the coming autumn term a course of twelve lectures on the French Revolution, in Yale University.

Miss Bertha Haven Putnam has leave of absence from Mount Holyoke College during the academic year 1912–1913, and will continue the study of English medieval labor legislation along the lines marked by her book already published.

Professors John S. Bassett of Smith College, Edward B. Krehbiel of Leland Stanford University, and Henry A. Sill of Cornell University are to teach this summer at Columbia University.

Mr. Harold D. Hazeltine of Emmanuel College, Cambridge, is to lecture on the history of English law at Columbia University during the coming academic year.

Professor E. B. Greene of the University of Illinois is on leave for the year commencing February, 1912.

Dr. Marcus W. Jernegan and Dr. Conyers Read have been made assistant professors in the University of Chicago.

At the University of Wisconsin Dr. A. C. Smith has been promoted to the rank of assistant professor. Professor W. L. Westermann will be absent on leave during the first half of the coming year.

Professor Willis M. West of the University of Minnesota has retired from his professorship. Professors Dana C. Munro of the University of Wisconsin and Edgar E. Robinson of Leland Stanford are teaching at the University of Minnesota during the summer session.

Professor C. H. Van Tyne of the University of Michigan will lecture at the summer school of the University of California.

At Leland Stanford Junior University, Associate Professor E. B. Krehbiel has been advanced to a professorship of modern European history, Assistant Professor Henry L. Cannon to an associate professorship of English history, and Mr. Percy A. Martin to an assistant professorship in history. Associate Professor Payson J. Treat will be on leave of absence for the first half of the academic year and will travel in the Far East.

Mr. David W. Parker has been appointed to a position as an assistant archivist in the archives of the Dominion of Canada.

#### GENERAL

It is announced that the International Historical Congress to be held in London in 1913, mention of which has already been made in these pages, will meet on April 3-9.

The Fourteenth International Congress for prehistoric anthropology and archaeology, planned originally to meet in Dublin, 1910, will assemble at Geneva during the first week in September, 1912. Among the subjects of interest to historical students proposed for discussion may be noted: the remains of prehistoric races in Africa, Asia, and America; the Mediterranean relations between Africa and Europe in prehistoric times; the relations between Italy and that part of Europe north of the Alps in prehistoric times; the commercial routes by which various industrial products of Hellenic origin found their way into central Europe

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and Eastern Gaul during the epochs of Hallstatt and La Tène and the eastern geographical limits of the civilization of La Tène. The general secretary of the congress is Waldemar Deorma, 16 Boulevard des Tranchées, Geneva.

Progress of Nations: an Account of the Progress of Civilization, in eight volumes, edited by C. H. Sylvester and others, has been published in Chicago by the National Progress League. Volumes VI.-VIII. are devoted to the history of the United States.

Professor Theodor Lindner has issued a third revised edition of the volume entitled *Geschichtsphilosophie* with which in 1901 he began his *Weltgeschichte*. This introduction was thoroughly reworked for the second edition in 1904, and considerable further changes have now been made (Stuttgart, Cotta, 1912, pp. 220).

The address of Dr. Andrew S. Draper, commissioner of education of the state of New York, delivered before the history teachers' section of the New York State Teachers' Association in November, 1911, is printed in the April number of The History Teacher's Magazine. It bears the caption No Mummified History in New York Schools. In the same issue is a group of interesting letters from a soldier in the Mexican War. They were written by Charles A. Vieregg between December, 1846, and November, 1847. To the May issue Professor George L. Burr contributes an interesting and valuable paper entitled History as a Teacher and the Teacher of History, and Professor Charles M. Andrews one on the Value of London Topography for American Colonial History. June number contains a useful article on Historical Maps and their Making, by Professor William R. Shepherd; an account of the introductory courses of history at the University of Texas, by Dr. A. C. Krey, and a discussion of historical examinations in the secondary schools, by Professor J. M. Gambrill. Especial attention is paid in this number to the various history teachers' associations. A history and description of each is given, and a list of its members. It is appropriate to mention here that, under the arrangement made with the Magazine by the American Historical Association, members of these teachers' associations can obtain the Magazine for one dollar per annum, half the ordinary price of subscription.

The latest issues in Below, Finke, and Meinecke's Abhandlungen zur mittleren und neueren Geschichte are Dr. Ludwig Kläpfel's Die äussere Politik Alfonsos III. v. Aragonen, 1285–1291, Dr. Franz Beck's Studien zu Lionardo Bruni, and Dr. H. Becker's Achim v. Arnim in den Wissenschaftlichen und Politischen Strömungen seiner Zeit.

The historical seminar of the Catholic University of Louvain publishes its Rapport sur lcs Travaux pendant l'Année Académique 1910–1911. This contains summaries of the researches carried on during the year and a "Bibliographie pour l'Étude des Sacramentaires", by Father

Vykoukal. Among the investigations summarized may be mentioned those of Abbé A. Legrand on "Jansénisme en Belgique jusqu'en 1654", of Abbé E. Broeckx on "Manichéisme en Occident aux premiers Siècles de notre Ère", and especially of Father R. Lechat on "Les Catholiques Anglais Réfugiés aux Pays-Bas pendant le Règne d'Élisabeth".

Professor James Harvey Robinson has printed An Outline of the History of the Intellectual Class in Western Europe (New York, 1911). It "is designed first and foremost to be used in connection with the course of lectures offered in this field to graduate and advanced undergraduate students in the School of Political Science of Columbia University". This outline is the forerunner of a larger work which Professor Robinson promises us for the near future.

All Americanists will note with interest the publication of a little brochure by Henry Vignaud, Henry Harrisse, Étude Biographique et Morale avec la Bibliographie Critique de ses Écrits (Paris, Chadenat, 1912). No other than M. Vignaud could have supplied this view of that curious character, who spent the last years of his life in voluntary seclusion after having alienated all of his friends, one after another. Of especial value in this pamphlet are the copious critical and explanatory notes in the bibliographical part.

The Library of Congress has been enriched on the side of Jewish history and literature by the acquisition, through gift by Mr. Jacob H. Schiff, of a notable collection of Hebraica, made by Ephraim Deinard of Arlington, New Jersey, and comprising more than 10,000 titles.

The nineteenth and twentieth fascicles of Lamprecht's Beiträge zur Kultur- und Universalgeschichte are, respectively: Friedrich Nietzsches Geschichtsauffassung, ihre Entstehung und ihr Wandel in Kulturgeschichtlicher Beleuchtung, by Walter Hegemeister, and Ueber die Möglichkeit und den Ertrag einer genetischen Geschichtschreibung im Sinne Karl Lamprechts, by Erich Rothacker.

The collection of over 7000 pieces brought together by Élisée Reclus in the compilation of his work will form, at the University of Geneva, the chief element in a new and unique Museum of Cartography.

A new edition of Dr. Bresslau's standard *Handbuch der Urkundenlehre für Deutschland und Italien*, is announced by Veit of Leipzig. The first volume is now on sale.

Professor Wilhelm Bahnson has published Band I. of a work entitled Stamm- und Regenten-Tafeln zur Politischen Geschichte, which is intended to be comprehensive and will probably extend to four volumes (Berlin, Voss., 1912). The whole historical world will be included and Band I. is occupied almost wholly with non-European tables. Bände II. and III. will be devoted to non-Germanic Europe, Band IV. to German lands.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: A. Walther, Geldwert in der Geschichte (Vierteljahrschrift für Sozial- und Wirtschaftsgeschichte, X. 1, 2).

#### ANCIENT HISTORY

Ancient historiography is thoroughly discussed in respect to its most essential characteristics in Dr. Hermann Peter's Wahrheit und Kunst: Geschichtschreibung und Plagiat im Klassischen Altertum.

Professor W. S. Davis of the University of Minnesota published in May, through Allyn and Bacon, a two-volume compilation of *Readings in Ancient History*, for the use of secondary schools. The work consists of copious extracts, in translaton, from the ancient authors, with introductions, notes, etc. The first volume is devoted to Greece and the Orient, the second to Rome to 800 A. D.

Messrs. Loescher of Turin have published a work by Egidio Gorra entitled Testi inediti di Storia Trojana, preceduti da uno Studio sulla Leggenda Trojana in Italia.

From the Cambridge University Press comes *Prchistoric Thessaly*, by A. J. B. Wace, fellow of Pembroke College, Cambridge, and M. S. Thompson, Craven fellow in the University of Oxford. The volume collects the results of recent excavations in northeastern Greece.

Professor R. von Pöhlmann's Geschichte der sozialen Frage und des Sozialismus in der antiken Welt has appeared in a second revised and enlarged edition in two volumes (Munich, C. H. Beck, 1912, pp. xv, 610; xii, 644).

Teil III. of A. Gercke and E. Norden's *Einleitung in die Altertums-wissenschaft* deals with the history and public antiquities of Greece and Rome, and is the work of various authors (Leipzig and Berlin, Teubner, 1912, pp. 428).

The Institut Nobel of Christiania announces the publication of a series bearing the title *Publications de l'Institut Nobel Norvégien*. The first of these, May, 1912, is by A. Raeder, *L'Arbitrage International chez lcs Hellènes*. Based on the study of the published inscriptions, it presents a complete survey of the resort to international arbitration in ancient Greece. G. P. Putnam's Sons are the American publishers of the series.

B. G. Teubner of Leipzig has announced the publication in two volumes of *Grundzüge und Chrestomathie der Papyruskunde*, by L. Mitteis and U. Wilckens. The first volume, by Wilckens, is historical, the second, by Mitteis, juridical, and each volume comprises two sections as indicated by the title.

A committee of the friends and admirers of Professor Ettore Pais will mark the twenty-fifth anniversary of his entrance upon his work of

university instruction by the issue, through Ermanno Loescher and Company, in four volumes, of a new work by him, Storia Critica di Roma durante i Primi Cinque Secoli. It will differ from his Storia d'Italia (1894–1899) in not being simply a critique of the existing traditions, but a constructive work upon the whole political, juridical, and social life of early Rome and the peoples conquered by her.

Students of the history of religion will find much of value in W. Warde Fowler's *The Religious Experiences of the Roman People from the Earliest Times to the Age of Augustus* (Macmillan), while students of Roman political institutions cannot fail to be interested in the light thrown upon the political importance of the religious regulations.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: H. Oldenberg, Zwei Aufsätze zur Altindischen Chronologie und Literaturgeschichte (Nachrichten von der Königlichen Gesellschaft zu Göttingen); H. Swoboda, Studien zu den Griechischen Bünden (Klio, XII. 1).

# EARLY CHURCH HISTORY

The second volume of the English translation of Hartmann Grisar's History of Rome and the Popes in the Middle Ages, published by Kegam Paul, carries the history of the popes to the fall of the empire, more exactly, to the capture of Rome by Totila in 549.

# MEDIEVAL HISTORY

Mr. John Murray announces *The Dark Ages, 300-1000 A. D.*, by C. R. L. Fletcher, sometime fellow of All Souls and Magdalen colleges, Oxford, as the first volume in *The Making of Western Europe* series.

The promoters of the series Studien und Mitteilungen zur Geschichte des Benediktinerordens und seiner Zweige have undertaken also a collection entitled Beiträge zur Geschichte des alten Mönchtums und des Benediktinerordens, intended especially for the publication of original materials and for bibliographeal studies. The editor will be Father Ildefonse Herwegen of the abbey of Maria-Laach.

In commemoration of the seventh centenary of the Poor Clares, Father Paschal Robinson, O. F. M., has printed (Philadelphia, The Dolphin Press) a valuable brochure of thirty-two pages entitled *The Rule of St. Clare and its Observance in the Light of Early Documents*.

M. Georges Hardy, under the heading "Une Source délaissée: les Fonds d'Officialités", supplies to the Revue de Synthèse Historique for December, 1911, a note of much interest calling attention to the value of this large and but slightly used class of material for modern as well as for medieval investigations.

Messrs. Picard, of Paris, will publish a Cartulaire de l'Ordre Général du Temple, de l'Origine à 1150, edited by the Marquis d'Albon. The edition will be limited to 150 copies, sold at 50 francs.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: A. Poncelet, Boémond et S. Léonard (Analecta Bollandiana, XXXI. 1); Maurice F. Egan, Everybody's St. Francis, I., II. (Century, May, June); Fr. Paschal Robinson, O. F. M., The Personality of St. Clare (Catholic University Bulletin, June); K. Schaube, Noch einmal zur Bedeutung von Hansa (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XV. 2).

#### MODERN EUROPEAN HISTORY

A fourth revised and enlarged edition has been published of Dr. Max Schellings's Quellenbuch zur Geschichte der Neuzeit, intended for upper secondary schools (Berlin, Weidmann, pp. xvi, 575). R. Voigtländer of Leipzig has begun the publication of Voigtländer's Quellenbücher, intended to provide the general public or special user with annotated groups of selections from the sources in small volumes at low cost. Most of the topics so far dealt with are in the field of German history. The latest issues in Schwann's Sammlung geschichtlicher Quellenschriften für den Unterricht are nos. 7, 8, and 9, comprising in German annotated translations the Germania of Tacitus, Einhard's Charles the Great, and the Golden Bull.

Rome au Temps de Jules II. et de Léon X. by Emanuel Rodocanachi (Paris, Hachette) draws much of its material from unpublished documents in state and Vatican archives and from rare contemporary pamphlets. While the text is limited to a statement of facts the footnote references are a source of the greatest value to any student of the Roman Reformation.

Lettres du Baron de Castelnau, 1728-1793, edited with notes by Baron de Blaÿ de Gaix, and with a preface by M. Arthur Chuquet (Paris, H. Champion), a collection of the letters of an officer of carabineers in the Seven Years' War, comments frankly on men and events.

Mrs. Aubrey Le Bond has, in Charlotte Sophie, Countess Bentinck: her Life and Times, 1715–1800 (Hutchinson), added another volume to the numerous lives of women of greater or less historic fame. The subject of this biography, the material for which was drawn largely from letters exchanged between the Countess Bentinck and her English grandson, was a friend of Maria Theresa, Frederick the Great, and Voltaire.

Frederic M. Kircheisen's Bibliographie des Napoleonischen Zeitalters, of which volume I. was published by Mittler (Berlin, 1908), appears now in its second installment (vol. II., pt. 1., Paris, Geneva, London, 1912, pp. 208) in a French dress, though with the headings still given tri-lingually. No explanation is given of this change; that there has been a real change of base seems indicated however by the statement of the preface: "Pour le moment je ne puis pas songer à la publication de ma grande bibliographie napoléonienne." Volume I. had comprised three sections of the work: I. Histoire Générale, 1795–1815; II. Histoire

des États, 1796–1815; III. Guerres, 1796–1815. The present volume contains part IV., Napoléon et sa Famille, and the first part of part V., Mémoires, Correspondances, Biographies. The work is marked by the characteristics of the first volume; while bearing witness to great industry, and while it will necessarily be of great utility, it can scarcely be regarded as likely to be of more than provisional standing. The "Notice préliminaire" has a very halting tone, and might well awaken doubts as to the future of the undertaking; doubts that will not be diminished by the announcement of M. Kircheisen's projected great Life of Napoleon.

The prefaces to the third and fourth editions of Chamberlain's Grundlagen des Neunzehnten Jahrhunderts have been published separately with the title Wehr und Gegenwehr (Munich, Bouckmann, 1912, pp. 108). The object of the publication is controversial.

In a volume which he calls *Kleine Historische Schriften* (Munich, Oldenbourg, 1911), Professor Max Lenz has collected those of his historical essays which he considers the most popular. The essays on Napoleon I. and Prussia, and on the German revolution of 1848 will probably be of the greatest interest to other than German readers.

A new contribution to an ever active controversy is Dr. Siegried Brase's *Émile Ollivier's Memoiren und die Entstehung der Krieges von 1870*. It forms Heft 98 of E. Ebering's *Historische Studien* (Berlin, E. Ebering, 1912, pp. viii, 243).

Modern Tariff History: Germany, France, and the United States, by Percy Ashley, has been published by E. P. Dutton and Company.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: G. Constant, Le Mariage de Marie Tudor ct de Philippe II. (Revue d'Histoire Diplomatique, XXVI. 2); K. Schellhass, Deutsche und Kuriale Gelehrte im Dienste der Gegenreformation, 1572-1585 (Quellen und Forschungen aus Italienischen Archiven und Bibliotheken, XIV. 2); Ph. Hiltebrandt, Die Päpstliche Politik in der Preussischen und in der Jülich-Klevischen Frage (ibid.); W. F. Reddaway, Struensee and the Fall of Bernstorff (English Historical Review, April); R. Fester, Neue Beiträge zur Geschichte der Hohenzollernschen Thronkandidatur in Spanien, II. (Historische Vierteljahrschrift, XV. 2); K. Dove, Die Geographische Bedingungen der Heutigen Grossmachtstellung (Zeitschrift für Politik, V. 2, 3).

#### GREAT BRITAIN AND IRELAND

The Transactions of the Royal Historical Society, third series, volume V. (London, the Society, 1911, pp. 603), contains a valuable paper by Professor Firth on the Ballad History of the Reign of James I.; Respublica Christiana, by Rev. Dr. J. Neville Figgis; an account of the intrigues against Essex in Ireland, by Rev. Clement E. Pike; a body of notes on the Agincourt Roll, by Dr. J. H. Wylie; a study of medieval

forgeries relative to the possession of Cardigan Priory by Chertsey Abbey, by Mr. H. E. Malden; a study of the relations between England and Denmark, 1689–1697, by Miss M. Lane; and a brief paper on some aspects of early English apprenticeship, by Miss H. J. Dunlop. The society intends before long to publish a body of Essex Papers of 1675–1677 and the Journal of the Deputy Lieutenant of the Tower of London, 1722–1746.

The Selden Society has issued, as its twenty-seventh volume, vol. II. of the Year-Books of the Eyre of Kent in 6 and 7 Edward II., ed. W. C. Bolland; and hopes to publish this year an additional volume on the charters of trading companies, ed. C. T. Carr. The sixth volume of the Year-Book series, containing reports of 4 Edward II., and edited by G. J. Turner, will also be ready for distribution in a short time. Professor Morgan has undertaken to edit the material for the second volume of Sclect Cases in the Law Merchant, collected by the late Professor Charles Gross. Among other publications which are being arranged for, are the following: another volume of the Year-Books of the Eyre of Kent, to be edited by Mr. Bolland, volumes of the Year-Books of Edward II., a volume of Select Cases before the King's Council, by I. S. Leadam, a volume of Select Ecclesiastical Pleas, by Harold D. Hazeltine, and an edition of the Liber Pauperum of Vacarius, by F. de Zulueta.

Under the general editorship of Messrs. S. C. Winbolt and Kenneth Bell, Messrs. Bell and Sons will shortly issue a series of English history source-books, covering the ground of English history from Roman Britain to 1887 in some eighteen volumes published at a shilling each.

In England's Industrial Development: an Historical Survey of Commerce and Industry (Rivington) Arthur D. Innes presents a large collection of data in an orderly and unbiased way.

Auf welchem Wege kamen die Goidelen vom Kontinent nach Irland? by the late Professor Heinrich Zimmern (Berlin, Königliche Preussische Akademie der Wissenschaften) is a monograph written to disprove the theory of Professor Rhys that the Goidelic Celts reached Ireland by way of Britain, leaving settlements in Cornwall.

Christianity in Early Britain (Oxford, Clarendon Press), by the late Hugh Williams, professor of church history in the Theological College of Bala, treats the church from the historian's standpoint. The lectures contained in the volume deal not only with the movements of the church in Britain but also with all those in which any British bishop or monk was concerned.

Volume II. of the Rev. Alfred Plummer's *The Churches in Britain before A. D. 1000* completes his history of early British Christianity. This volume contains an index to the entire work and a full chronological table.

In the series entitled Antiquary's Books Ernest A. Savage has recently published a volume on Old English Libraries: the Making, Collection and Use of Books during the Middle Ages (London, 1911). The period dealt with closes with the dispersion of the monastic libraries at the Reformation. Important lists of books are given in appendixes.

Messrs. Macmillan announce for early publication *Old Irish Society* by Mrs. J. R. Green, a volume of studies of Irish civilization before and after the Norman conquest.

The Rev. Arthur Ogle's The Canon Law in Medieval England: an Examination of William Lyndwood's "Provinciale" (Murray) is a clear and well-written reply to Professor Maitland and a vindication of the position of Bishop Stubbs as to the relation between the pre-Reformation church in England and the pope.

Professor C. Sanford Terry of Aberdeen University expects to complete early next year a volume entitled *Documents Illustrative of Scottish History*, 1603–1707. Messrs. MacLehose will publish it.

To the volumes of Rivington's Text-Books of English History already issued their author, Arthur Hassall, tutor of Christ Church, Oxford, has added The Restoration and the Revolution (pp. xx, 220). This series is designed for schools in "which special subjects in English History are taught" and the volumes are supplied with tables of dates and suggestive questions.

Messrs. Chapman and Hall are issuing History of English Nonconformity, from Wiclif to the Close of the Nineteenth Century, by Henry W. Clarke, the first volume of which, From Wiclif to the Restoration, has already appeared.

The Finances of Ircland before the Union and after: an Historical Study, by the Earl of Dunraven, published by Murray, is a marshalling of facts to show that the smaller island has suffered great financial loss because of the Union.

The Viking Club of London has published a volume of Caithness and Sutherland Records and an added volume of its Old-Lore Miscellany of Orkney, Shetland, Caithness, and Sutherland.

J. E. Morris and H. Jordan have published with Rutledge, London, An Introduction to the Study of Local History and Antiquities (1911, pp. xi, 399).

British government publications: Calendar of the Close Rolls of the Reign of Henry III., vol. IV., 1237–1242; Fine Rolls, vol. II., Edward I., 1307–1319; Calendar of the Patent Rolls, Edward III., vol. XII., 1361–1364; Calendar of the Close Rolls of Edward III., vol. XIII., 1369–1374; Calendar of Patent Rolls, Henry V., vol. II.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: G. J. Turner, William the Conqueror's March to London in 1066 (English Historical Review, April);

France 899

C. G. Crump and C. Johnson, The Powers of Justices of the Peace (ibid.); J. M. Thomson, A Roll of the Scottish Parliament, 1344 (Scottish Historical Review, April); G. Constant, Les Évêques Henriciens sous Henri VIII., I. (Revue des Questions Historiques, April); Sir J. B. Paul, The Post-Reformation Elder (Scottish Historical Review, April); E. I. Carlyle, Clarendon and the Privy Council, 1660–1667 (English Historical Review, April).

#### FRANCE

A bulletin of recent works on the economic history and geography of France, by M. J. de Letaconnoux, occupies the chief space in the March-April number of the Revue d'Histoire Moderne et Contemporaine.

The house of Hachette has begun the publication of a series of small volumes entitled L'Histoire par les Contemporains, in which, under the editorship of competent specialists, important episodes of modern history since the period 1789 will be treated by presentation of the leading documents necessary for their comprehension. Thus we have already Le Socialisme Français de 1789 à 1848, ed. Georges and Hubert Bourgin; Le Mouvement Romantique. ed. P. Van Tieghem; La Défense Nationale, 1792 to 1795, ed. Pierre Caron.

Messrs. Picard of Paris have published J. Laurent's Cartulaires de l'Abbaye de Molcsme, ancien Diocèse de Langres, 916-1250, as tome II. of the Recucil de Documents sur le Nord de la Bourgogne et le Midi de la Champagne, avec une Introduction Diplomatique, Historique, et Géographique (1911, pp. xxiv, 740).

During 1911 the Collection des Textes pour servir à l'Étude et à l'Enseignement de l'Histoire was increased by the issue of Victor Martet's Recueil de Textes relatifs à l'Histoire de l'Architecture et à la Condition des Architectes en France au Moyen Age, XI.–XII. Siècles (Paris, Picard, pp. lxv, 516).

It has previously been mentioned in these pages that a committee formed by the Société Historique de l'Orne, and upon which Mr. J. LeRoy White represents American interest, has been preparing for the erection of a monument to the memory of Ordericus Vitalis. This monument, erected near the ruins of the abbey of Saint-Evroul, where Ordericus was a monk and where he composed his *Historia Ecclesiastica*, will be dedicated in August of the present year. American subscriptions may be sent to Mr. White, I Quai Voltaire, Paris.

Messrs. Holt announce Social France in the Time of Philip Augustus, by Achille Luchaire, edited by Louis Halphen, and translated by Professor E. B. Krehbiel, the French edition of which was noticed in this journal some time ago (XV., 361).

Professor Paul Fredericq contributes to the March-April issue of the Revue Historique a critical review entitled "Les récents Historiens

Catholiques de l'Inquisition en France". H. Hauser's bulletin on publications in French history in this issue is devoted generally to the modern period.

M. Jean Lemoine has published in the *Revue de Paris* for April under the title "Lettres sur la Cour de Louis XIV." extracts from the gossipy but very enlightening correspondence of the Marquis de S. Maurice while representing Savoy in France, 1671–1673. The letters are addressed to the Duke of Savoy and are a continuation of those previously published in the same journal for the years 1667–1670.

The Société Archéologique et Historique de l'Orléanais has published tome XXXIII. of its Mémoires. The volume includes an important study in local Old Régime administration by the archivist, Ch. de Beaucorps, entitled Une Province sous Louis XIV.: l'Administration des Intendants d'Orléans, de Creil, Jubert de Bonville, et de la Bourdonnaye, 1686-1713.

The "Commission de Recherche et de Publication des Documents relatifs à la Vie Économique de la Révolution" has published (E. Leroux, 1911, pp. 546) a Recueil des principaux Textes Législatifs et Administratifs concernant la Monnaie et le Papier-monnaie de 1789 à l'An XI. It is edited by Camille Bloch and its importance is manifest. Only the most important documents are given in full; the rest are represented by brief summaries or extracts, or by title only. The editorial additions are rather scanty and there is no index.

Professor F. Braesch has published through Hachette (1912, pp. 278) the Procès-verbaux de l'Assemblée Générale de la Section des Postes, 4 décembre 1790-5 septembre 1792, the editing including introduction, notes, and index. This was one of the 48 sections of Paris during the Revolution and is the only one of whose deliberations the official record survives for this period. The manuscript was discovered in 1891 and is deposited in the archives of the Department of the Seine. Parts of it have been published already in Mellié, Les Sections de Paris, and in S. Lacroix's Actes de la Commune de Paris, but M. Braesch sets forth good reasons for its republication in extenso.

There has been appearing for some time from the publishing house of Gedovino, Nancy, a series of plates, with explanatory notes, of the uniforms of the First Empire, prepared by Lieutenant E. L. Bucquoy. Sixty groups of eight plates each have been issued; it is estimated that the work (which aims to be exhaustive) will comprise nearly 200 such groups and will contain from 1000 to 1500 plates.

E. Leroux, of Paris, has published, at 100 francs, a volume entitled Les Médailles Historiques de Napoléon le Grand, Empereur et Roi, edited by E. Babelon of the Institute. It is announced as the hitherto unpublished text of the Histoire Métallique de Napoléon, prepared by the class of history and ancient literature of the Imperial Institute.

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Volume VI. of the Lettres et Documents pour servir à l'Histoire de Joachim Murat, 1767–1815, edited by M. Paul le Brethon of the Bibliothèque Nationale, runs from April, 1808, to February, 1809, and throws much new light on Murat's conduct in Spain in 1808 and on his first months in Naples.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs has just published tome V. of its great collection of documents on Les Origines Diplomatiques de la Guerre de 1870–1871 (G. Ficker), relating to the period from November 6, 1864, to February 27, 1865.

The Société des Recherches Historiques de Vaucluse has begun the publication of a quarterly review entitled *Annales d'Avignon et du Comtat Venaissin*, published at Avignon, the first issue bearing the date January 15, 1912. It is illustrated with cuts of local historical monuments, and publishes among other things a selection of "Documents sur les Compagnons d'Arts et Métiers à Avignon, XVII°-XIX° Siècles".

M. Henry Lehr, "pasteur à Chartres", has published through Fischbacher, Paris, a work entitled La Réforme et les Églises Réformées dans le Département actuel d'Eure-et-Loir, 1513-1911 (1912, pp. 595). The work has more the aspect of a chronicle than of a history, but will undoubtedly furnish the historian with valuable material. It is accompanied by numerous plans and engravings, by statistical statements and extracts from the sources (there is however no critical bibliography), and by an excellent general map of the department.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: G. Lanson, Questions diverses sur l'Histoire de l'Esprit Philosophique en France avant 1750 (Revue d'Histoire Littéraire de la France, XIX. 1); A. Aulard, Carlyle Historien de la Révolution Française (La Révolution Française, March); P. Gaffarel, Les Bonaparte à Marseille (ibid., March-April); R. Guyot, Le Directoire et Bonaparte (Revue des Études Napoléoniennes, May); L. Radiguet, L'Acte Additionnel de 1815 (ibid., March).

#### ITALY

The firm of Loescher and Company in Rome has lately issued Costituzioni Egidiane dell' Anno 1357, ed. Pietro Sella, the first issue in a series bearing the general title of Corpus Statutorum Italicorum; also volume I. of the Regestum Senense, ed. Fedor Schneider, in the series Regesta Chartarum Italiae; and the second of two volumes of Unbekannte Kirchenpolitische Streitschriften, ed. Richard Scholz (pp. xvi, 256), being Band IX. of the Bibliothek des Kgl. Preussischen Historischen Instituts in Rom.

Giuseppe La Mantia, librarian of the Sicilian Society of National History, has published at Palermo (Impr. Gen. d'Affissione e Pubblicità, 1912, pp. 88) a brochure entitled *La Guerra di Sicilia contro gli Angioini negli Anni 1313–1320*. It is accompanied by documents.

There have been printed in Padua for the university a volume of Atti della Nazione Germanica dei Legisti nello Studio di Padova, edited by Biagio Brugi, and two volumes of Atti della Nazione Germanica Artista nello Studio di Padova, edited by Antonio Favaro. These are from manuscripts in the university archives. Padua was the favorite Italian university for students from German lands in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries and the chief student associations were those of the Natio Germanica, which was later separated into Legisti and Artisti. The issues are limited to 100 copies each.

M. Campovi has published the twelfth and last volume of the *Epistolario di L. A. Muratori* (Modena, Società Tipogr. Modenese, 1911, pp. 5283-5597). This comprises letters 5663 to 6042, of the years 1749-1750, the last years of Muratori's life. In an appendix the editor has placed a couple of hundred supplementary letters discovered since the starting of the work and a number of undated letters. An index volume is still to be published.

Letters and Recollections of Mazzini (New York, Longmans, pp. xiv, 140), by Mrs. Hamilton King, contains some very characteristic letters and a description of the last imprisonment and the death of Mazzini. The volume has a preface by G. M. Trevelyan.

An English version of the *Memoirs of Francesco Crispi*, the documents collected by Palamenghi-Crispi, has been prepared by Mary Prichard-Agnetti and is issued in London by Messrs. Hodder and Stoughton.

The Rivista Storica Italiana for the first quarter of 1912 contains an interesting review of the scientific work of the R. Diputazione di Storia Patria per le Antiche Provincie e la Lombardia, from 1885 to 1911. This is the continuation of a similar review published in the same journal by Antoni Manno in 1884, covering the work of the preceding half-century. During the past 27 years there have been published 22 volumes of Miscellanca di Storia Italiana, 6 volumes of the Campagne di Guerra in Piemonte, 1703–1708, 3 volumes of the Biblioteca di Storia Italiana Recente, and 4 volumes of the Monumenta Historiae Patriae.

The provincial Italian monthly journals dealing mainly with the present day but also devoting a large amount of space to the records of the past have of late been increasing rapidly in number. The programme of the review *Piemontc*, founded and edited by Count Barbavara, has been changed in this direction; a similar publication with the title *Torino* has appeared under the direction of Federico Musso; the house of Francesco Vallardi of Milan has begun a new illustrated monthly entitled *La Patria*, devoted to the interest of Italian nationality in and beyond Italy.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: R. Michels, Elemente zur Entstehungsgeschichte des Imperialismus in Italien (Archiv für Sozialwissenschaft und Sozialpolitik, March).

# GERMANY AND AUSTRIA

The Versammlung Deutscher Historiker set for Vienna, September, 1913, has on account of the conflicting meeting of the German jurists been postponed till April, 1913.

The *Revue Historique* for May-June contains general reviews of the recent publications in the history of modern Germany and of Hungary, by Professors Paul Darmstaedter and I. Kont, respectively.

An admirable introduction to the study of German law embracing German legal history has been published by the Library of Congress, a *Guide to the Law and Legal Literature of Germany*, by Edwin M. Borchard (Washington, 1912, pp. 226).

There has been issued from the houze of Böhlau, of Weimar, the first volume of Rudolf Smend's Das Reichskammergericht.

Mitteilungen aus der Königlichen Bibliothek, herausgegeben von der Generalverwaltung, I. Briefe Friedrichs des Grossen an Thieriot, herausgegeben von Emil Jacobs (Berlin, Weidmann), is the first of a series of selections from the manuscripts of the Royal Library. The letters, interesting though not especially enlightening, were written when Frederick was crown prince.

Volume XV. of the *Hohenzollern-Jahrbuch* (Berlin and Leipzig, Giesecke and Devrient, 1911) is naturally devoted to Frederick the Great as part of the bicentennial celebration. The editor is Paul Seidel and the volume contains essays also by Hintze, Koser, Jany, von Cammerer, von Schroetter, Droysen, Krieger, Schuster, and Noël.

Band V. of Anna von Sydow's Wilhelm und Caroline von Humboldt in ihren Briefen deals with "Diplomatische Friedensarbeit, 1815–1817". The 190 letters are the result of Humboldt's absences from his wife on diplomatic missions and bring us to his English residence. Band VI. will come to the conclusion of his state service at the end of 1819 (Berlin, Mittler and Son, 1912, pp. xv, 413).

There has appeared Band II. and last of O. Klein-Hattingen's Geschichte des Deutschen Liberalismus, dealing with the period since 1871 (Basel, Fortschritt, 1912, pp. xv, 674).

Volumes I. and II. of the late Professor Georg Jellinek's Ausgewählte Schriften und Reden with an introduction by W. Windelband, have been published by Häring, Berlin. There will be a third volume.

There has been issued from the press of the Frankfurter Zeitung a Geschichte der Frankfurter Zeitung (1911, pp. xvi, 1143).

Recent issues in Schmoller and Sering's Staats- und Sozialwissenschaftliche Forschungen are Die Finanzen der Stadt Greifswald zu Beginn des 19. Jahrhunderts und in der Gegenwart, Heft 161, by Dr. H. Helfritz, and Die freien Gewerkschaften in Gesetzgebung und Politik, Heft 162, by D. Sophie Klärmann.

The Archiv für Sozialwissenschaft und Sozialpolitik has published as supplement V. Dr. A. Löwenstein's Geschichte des Württembergischen Kreditbankwesens, und seiner Beziehungun zu Handel und Industrie. It deals with the period 1848-1910 (Tübingen, Mohr, 1912, pp. 243).

The Bericht for 1911 of the "Kommission für neuere Geschichte Oesterreichs" has been issued, and reports the publication of a volume of Staatsverträge for Transylvania, 1526–1600, edited by R. Gooss. The publication of the volume for England and the Netherlands is to begin early in 1912. The volumes on France are delayed through the resignation of Dr. H. Schlitter from the editorship. In the series Korrespondenzen W. Bauer will soon complete the publication of the Korrespondenz Maximilians II. In the Geschichte der Oesterreichischen Zentralverwaltung the publication of sources will be started in the autumn. A double volume of reports on Adelsarchive in Bohemia and Moravia will shortly appear in the section Archivalien zur neueren Geschichte Oesterreichs.

Cracow, the Royal Capital of Ancient Poland: its History and Antiquities, by Leonard Lepszy and translated by R. Dyboski (Unwin), is an abridgment of a work published by the Cracow Society of Antiquaries in 1904. It is hoped that the abridgment may attract a wider circle of readers to the historical importance of Cracow.

The Historical Commission of the city of Fiume has begun the publication of a bulletin, to comprise extracts from the sources for the history of that city as a part of Italian development.

Tome I. has appeared of what promises to be an important series, the Fontes Rerum Transylvanicarum (Vienna, A. Holder). It is the first volume of Epistolae et Acta Jesuitarum Transylvaniae temporibus Principum Báthory, 1571–1613, covering the years 1571–1583. It is printed in Latin and Hungarian and edited by Dr. A. Veress.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: H. Niese, Zur Geschichte des geistigen Lebens am Hofe Kaiser Friedrichs II. (Historische Zeitschrift, CVIII. 3); F. Grüner, Schwäbische Urkunden und Traditionsbücher: ein Beitrag zur Privaturkundenlehre des früheren Mittelalters (Mitteilungen des Instituts für Österreichische Geschichtsforschung, XXXIII. 1); M. Buchner, Die Entstehung und Ausbildung der Kurfürstenfabel: eine Historiographische Studie (Historisches Jahrbuch, XXXIII. 1); C. Gebauer, Quellenstudien zur Geschichte des Französischen Einflusses auf Deutschland seit dem Dreissigjährigen Kriege (Archiv für Kulturgeschichte, IX. 4): L. Daville, Le Développement de la Méthode Historique de Leibniz (Revue de Synthèse Historique, December); C. Gebauer, Deutsche Geselligkeit gegen Ende des 18. und zu Anfang des 19. Jahrhunderts (Preussische Jahrbücher,

March); F. Rachfahl, Eugen Richter und der Linksliberalismus im Neuen Reiche (Zeitschrift für Politik, V. 2, 3); J. S. Schapiro, Significant Tendencies in German Politics (Forum, June).

#### NETHERLANDS AND BELGIUM

The theological Foundation Teyler of Haarlem has opened a new series of its *Verhandelingen* with the publication of a work by Professor J. W. Pont entitled *Geschiedenis van het Lutheranisme in de Nederlanden tot 1618* (Haarlem, F. Bohn, 1911, pp. xvi, 632). This work has been awarded the prize repeatedly offered by the society. A related publication is that by the Historical Society of Utrecht (series III., no. 20) of *Verslagen van Kerkvisitatien in het Bisdom Utrecht uit de XVIe Eeuw* (Amsterdam, Johannes Müller, 1911, pp. xx, 520), edited by the archivist S. Muller.

The "Prix Quinquennal d'Histoire Générale" has been accorded to Professor F. Cumont for his work in the history of Oriental religions.

The Société Belge de Librairie has just published *Le Mouvement Flamand en Belgique*, by Fernand Daumont. The work deals especially with the origins and elements of this development, the chapters being devoted successively to the racial, pedagogical, scientific, social, juridical, and economic causes.

# NORTHERN AND EASTERN EUROPE

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: O. Hötzsch, Adel und Lehnwesen in Russland und Polen und ihr Verhältnis zur Deutschen Entwicklung (Historische Zeitschrift, CVIII. 3); F. von Wrangell, Die Agrare Neugestaltung Russlands (Jahrbuch für Gesetzgebung, Verwaltung, und Volkswirtschaft, XXXVI. 1).

# THE FAR EAST

The Institute of Historical Compilation, established in connection with the historical department of the Tokyo Imperial University, is continuing publication of volumes in the two series Dai-nihon-shiriō (Japanese Historical Letters), and Dai-nihon-Komonjo (Old Japanese Documents). More than 50 volumes have been already issued. Meanwhile the copying of ancient documents from the Imperial Archives of Nara and from the diaries and records preserved in the palaces of the daimios and in some of the old Buddhist and Shinto temples is being steadily pursued, together with the collecting of historical portraits and maps. Another undertaking in progress, as previously mentioned in these pages, is the publication of diplomatic documents relative to the last period of the Shogunate.

#### AMERICA

#### GENERAL ITEMS

The Director of the Department of Historical Research in the Carnegie Institution of Washington, Mr. Jameson, will be in Europe until September 23. In the meantime mail may be addressed "Department of Historical Research" or "American Historical Review", Semitic Museum, Cambridge, Massachusetts. After September 23 the address of both will be 1140 Woodward Building, Washington, D. C. Miss Davenport has of late been in Lisbon and Seville, engaged in researches respecting treaties. Volume I. of Professor Andrews's Guide to the Materials for the History of the United States to 1783, in the Public Record Office of Great Britain, the volume dealing with the State Papers, or materials which accumulated in the department of the secretaries of state, is in page-proof and the making of its index is in progress. Mr. David W. Parker's Guide to the Materials for United States History in Canadian Archives has gone to the printer.

Proceedings of the American Antiquarian Society, volume XXI., part 2, is made up of the report of the last annual meeting, October, 1911. The librarian's report contains a description of the new library building, with an account of the important accessions during the year. The papers printed in extenso are: The Place of New England in the History of Witchcraft, by George L. Burr; The Ruins at Tiahuanaco, Bolivia, by Adolph F. Bandelier; Some Bibliographical Desiderata in American History, by William MacDonald; A Kindlier Light on Early Spanish Rule in America, by Edward H. Thompson; and Asia and America, a posthumous monograph by Dr. Johann Georg Kohl, the cartographer.

In the February number of *Americana* Alice Goddard Waldo concludes her papers on the Continental agents in America in 1776–1777. For the March number Mr. Forrest Morgan writes a biographical appreciation of Jonathan Trumbull, the Revolutionary governor of Connecticut. In this issue appears also an account of the fighting on the Little Big Horn at the time of the Custer massacre. The account was written by Major M. A. Reno, who commanded one of the battalions, and was found among his effects after his death in 1889.

The Journal of American History, volume VI., no. 1, includes a document (pp. 14) written by President John Tyler in 1861 containing a plan for the settlement of the controversy between the Northern and Southern states. The second section of this number is devoted to Vermont, apropos of the celebration by Vermont towns of the one hundred and fiftieth anniversary of their charters.

The initial paper in the December issue of the Magazine of History is the account of the battle of Mobile Bay, August 5, 1864, read by the late commander Oliver A. Batcheller, U. S. N., before the Maine com-

mandery of the Loyal Legion. A Naval Incident in the Mediterranean, 1853, by William R. Langdon, relates to the arrest of Martin Koszta at Smyrna by Austrian authorities. William J. Seaver contributes Some Impressions of Abraham Lincoln in 1856, and Edward S. Holden a letter of Washington to General Smallwood, May 26, 1777, giving detailed instructions for the conduct and discipline of troops.

In the March number of the Records of the American Catholic Historical Society is a paper by the late Martin I. J. Griffin concerning the Rev. Peter Helbron, second pastor of the Holy Trinity Church, Philadelphia. The article deals principally with events of the year 1796. Among some letters to M. A. Frenaye, financial agent of the diocese of Philadelphia, that from Rev. E. J. Sourin, S. J., written from Frederick, June 18, 1861, is of principal historical interest. A letter (March 22, 1842) from Archbishop Hughes to Governor Seward of New York on the school question is of particular interest because of the effect which Seward's attitude on this question had upon his presidential candidacy.

Dr. C. O. Paullin's series of Albert Shaw Lectures has been pul lished in a substantial volume entitled *Diplomatic Negotiations of American Naval Officers*, 1778–1883 (Baltimore, Johns Hopkins Press, pp. 380).

The Part taken by Women in American History, by Mrs. Mary S. C. Logan, with special introductions by Mrs. Donald McLean and others, has been published in Wilmington, Delaware, by the Perry-Nalle Publishing Company.

The Library of Congress has issued a Select List of References on the Initiative, Referendum, and Recall (pp. 102), compiled under the direction of H. H. B. Meyer, chief bibliographer.

Mr. Thomas Willing Balch has printed in the Revue de Droit International, and also makes available in separate form (Philadelphia, Allen, Lane, and Scott), an article of fifty pages on the question, La Baie d'Hudson: Est-clle une Mcr Libre ou une Mer Fermée? in which the history of the law respecting closed seas is discussed, with especial reference to American applications of doctrine. The argument, apparently the first printed paper devoted to the legal status of Hudson Bay, is in favor of maintaining the freedom of its waters.

The corporation of Harvard University has established the Harvard Commission on Western History, on the Charles Elliott Perkins Foundation. The commission consists of Mr. Andrew McFarland Davis, chairman, and Messrs. A. C. Coolidge, Horace Dana, Charles G. Dawes, F. A. Delano, G. M. Dodge, Howard Elliott, F. J. Turner, and E. H. Wells. The plan of the commission is to collect all the material possible, printed or manuscript, relating to the history of the West, thus creating in the East a centre of the first importance for the study of the development of the West and of the influence of the East upon that

development. The commission emphasizes the point that it does not propose to compete with western states or institutions for material which is peculiarly suited for preservation by them, but that it desires "type" material and especially such material relating to the West as is to be found in the East. A fuller account of the undertaking, by Professor Turner, is in the *Harvard Graduates' Magazine* for June.

# ITEMS ARRANGED IN CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER

The Société des Américanistes of Paris has reprinted from volume VIII. of its Journal a brief study by M. Vignaud, Améric Vespuce: ses Voyages et ses Découvertes devant la Critique. This work, inspired by the fêtes at Saint Dié of last year, points out that the greater part of the hostile criticisms of Vespucius are quite unfounded, and maintains that the naming of continental America for the Florentine is fully justified by the facts of history.

In a brief contribution by Louis D. Scisco, reprinted from the *Transactions* of the Royal Society of Canada, volume V., section I, entitled "Lescarbot's Baron de Lery" an attempt is made to identify the "Baron de Lery" of Sable Island with Gabriel d'Alegre, baron d'Alegre, and sieur de St. Just, bailiff of Caen. Mr. Scisco points out however that the identification throws no additional light upon the colonizing enterprise attributed to de Lery, the importance of which was probably exaggerated by Lescarbot.

Under the auspices of the National Society of the Colonial Dames of America, whose good work for American history has often been mentioned in these pages, the Macmillans have brought out two volumes of the Correspondence of William Shirley, Governor of Massachusetts and Military Commander in America, 1731–1760, edited by Dr. Charles H. Lincoln. Each volume embraces some 250 letters, mostly of Shirley, illustrating with fullness his career. The second volume of the Correspondence of Richard Henry Lee is in the printer's hands.

Dr. Hannis Taylor's various writings ascribing to Pelatiah Webster the main authorship of the Constitution of the United States, arguments which have made more impression upon the general public than upon competent historical scholars, were controverted in a letter by Mr. Gaillard Hunt of the Library of Congress, first published in the Nation on December 28, 1911. This has now been printed as Senate Document No. 402, 62 Cong., 2 sess.

Professor I. J. Cox of the University of Cincinnati gave at the Johns Hopkins University, in April and May, the Albert Shaw Lectures on Diplomatic History, his subject being the West Florida Controversy, which he treated for the whole period from 1783 to 1819, but mostly for the years 1803–1813. The lectures will ultimately be printed. Mr. Cox is now making further researches in Spain.

The Conquest of the Coeur d'Alènes, Spokanes, and Palouses: the Expeditions of Colonels E. J. Steptoe and George Wright against the "Northern Indians" in 1858, by B. F. Manring, has been published in Spokane by the Inland Printing Company.

General Joseph Wheeler and the Army of Tennessee, by J. W. Du Bose, has been published by Neale. One chapter is devoted to the career of General Wheeler before the outbreak of the war.

Small, Maynard, and Company have brought out, under the title A Chautauqua Boy in '61 and afterwards, the reminiscences of David B. Parker, who was superintendent of mails and despatch-bearer of the Army of the Potomac, as special agent of the Post Office Department reorganized the postal service in Virginia in the Reconstruction period, and from 1876 to 1883 was at the head of the postal secret service. The book contains recollections of many prominent men of the time and many narratives of interest. It is edited by Torrance Parker and contains an introduction by Professor Albert Bushnell Hart.

Harper and Brothers have brought out *The "Monitor" and the "Merrimac": both Sides of the Story*, as told by J. L. Worden and other officers who took part in the battle.

The January-March issue of the Quarterly Publication of the Historical and Philosophical Society of Ohio is entirely occupied by the journal of Miss Susan Walker (March 3 to June 6, 1862), kept during her service at Beaufort, South Carolina, in connection with the government's experiment in managing the cotton plantations in that region, which had been deserted by their owners when Port Royal was captured by the Federals. The journal, though brief, throws light on conditions among the negroes, on the methods of the plantation experiment, and in some measure upon the educational efforts conducted by several societies.

Reminiscences of the Civil War (pp. 160), by Emma C. R. Macon and Reuben C. Macon, is privately printed. Mrs. Macon's recollections occupy the principal part of the book and pertain to events about Winchester, Virginia. Mr. Macon, who was adjutant of the Thirteenth Virginia Infantry, sketches briefly his career in the army.

It is announced that Mr. James Schouler is engaged upon the seventh volume of his *History of the United States under the Constitution*. The volume will treat of the Reconstruction period.

Mrs. Anna M. Vilas has printed at Madison, for private distribution, a volume of Selected Addresses and Orations of William F. Vilas, successively postmaster-general and secretary of the interior in President Cleveland's Cabinet, and subsequently United States senator from Wisconsin. Some of the more important addresses presented in the volume are: an address before the law class at the University of Wisconsin in

June, 1876; an address before the Society of the Army of the Tennessee in 1878; an oration on General Grant, delivered before the same society in 1879; an oration on Andrew Jackson in 1882; a Decoration Day address at the New York Academy of Music, 1886; and an address in the United States Senate, April 29, 1897, on the presentation of the statue of Père Marquette.

# LOCAL ITEMS, ARRANGED IN GEOGRAPHICAL ORDER

Bulletin no. 3 of the departments of history and of political science in Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario, Canada, is *The Status of Women in New England and New France* (pp. 16), by James Douglas. The study is concerned with conditions in the seventeenth century.

The New England Historical and Genealogical Register is publishing the diary of Jeremiah Weare, jr., of York, Maine (1786–1823).

The governor and council of the state of Maine have accepted from Miss Elizabeth T. Thornton of Lexington, Massachusetts, a collection of manuscripts gathered by her father, John Wingate Thornton, and his grandfather, Thomas Gilbert Thornton, of Saco, Maine, the whole relating to public and private matters of interest in Maine during the colonial period; the same to be deposited with the secretary of state or state librarian, and designated as the John Wingate Thornton papers.

The principal contents of the February fascicle of the *Proceedings of the Massachusetts Historical Society* are a paper by Professor Kittredge on Some Lost Works of Cotton Mather, these being a series of tracts and letters on smallpox and inoculation; two letters of Samuel A. Otis to James Warren (November 27, 1787) and Henry Warren (February 5, 1809), respectively; correspondence of Dr. John C. Warren, Josiah Quincy, Franklin Bache, and others (1826–1827), respecting the raising of funds for erecting a monument in Boston to the parents of Benjamin Franklin; and depositions in the case of Edward Ashley (1631), a Penobscot trader, who was arraigned for the illegal sale of arms and ammunition to the Indians. In the March issue is a paper by Mr. Richard Henry Dana on the Trent Affair: an Aftermath, in which he takes issue with the views of Mr. Charles Francis Adams; this is followed by a note from Mr. Adams in reply.

The Massachusetts Magazine for October contains an account, by F. A. Gardner, of Colonel Samuel Gerrish's regiment, one of the early Revolutionary regiments of Massachusetts. Annexed are biographical sketches of the officers connected with the regiment.

Bulletin no. 2 of the Newport Historical Society comprises the second of Mr. Hamilton B. Tompkins's papers on the Newport county lotteries.

The Connecticut Historical Society has come into possession of an original manuscript letter from Sir Richard Saltonstall to Governor John

Winthrop of Connecticut, dated March 30, 1636. The letter relates to a controversy concerning the settlement of the previous year at Windsor, Connecticut.

A preliminary report by Mr. Thomas C. Quinn, chief of the Public Records Division of the State Education Department of New York, bears the title Condition of the Public Records in the State of New York. It is a summary of the reports received from counties, towns, and villages respecting the state of the local records, especially as regards provision for their safe-keeping, and demonstrates the necessity of further legislation in the matter. Such legislation Mr. Quinn proposes to ask for in 1913, after a more thorough study of the situation in each locality has been made.

A History of the Forty-Fourth Regiment, New York Volunteer Infantry, by Captain E. A. Nash, has been brought out in Chicago, by the publication committee of the regiment.

On May 20 the Buffalo Historical Society observed its fiftieth anniversary with exercises which included the unveiling of bronze tablets to Millard Fillmore and Grover Cleveland and addresses by Frank M. Hollister and John G. Milburn. A full report of the proceedings will appear in volume XVI. of the *Publications*, to be issued during the present year.

The records of the Kingwood Monthly Meeting of Friends in Hunterdon County, New Jersey, have been carefully compiled from the minutes, and other manuscripts, beginning in 1744, by Professor James W. Moore, of Lafayette College, and published by H. E. Deats, of Flemington, New Jersey (pp. 42).

The Journal of the Friends' Historical Society for January prints "The American Journey of George Fox, 1671–1673" (pp. 48), from a manuscript in the Bodleian Library. In the April issue is printed a letter of James Logan to William Penn relating to affairs in Pennsylvania (1708), with a preface by Amelia M. Gummere.

Among the contents of the Maryland Historical Magazine for March are some letters of Rev. Jonathan Boucher, written from Port Royal, Virginia, in 1759 and 1760. The reprint of Daniel Dulany's Considerations is concluded, and the Vestry Proceedings, St. Ann's Parish, are continued.

The eighth Annual Report of the state librarian of Virginia notes the acquisition of Patrick Henry's fee book, 1770–1795, and more than fifty mercantile account books of William Allason, head of a firm of Scottish merchants of Falmouth, Virginia, 1760–1780. As an appendix to the report, Mr. H. J. Eckenrode, head of the Department of Archives and History, presents (pp. 488) a List of the Revolutionary Soldiers of Virginia, carefully compiled from the most various sources and with

references to the records from which each of the 35,000 or 36,000 entries has been obtained.

The Virginia Magazine of History and Biography for April prints (pp. 158–178) two hitherto unpublished tobacco acts, those of 1723 and 1729 mentioned in Hening's Statutes, vol. IV., pp. 134, 197. In a group of documents relating to the years 1671–1673 are found a letter from Thomas Ludwell to the Committee on Trade and Plantations, one from Sir Henry Chicheley to Sir Thomas Chicheley, and reports by the Virginia council to the Privy Council of an attack upon the Virginia fleet by Dutch men-of-war in July, 1672. The several documentary series are continued.

The William and Mary College Quarterly for April reprints (pp. 226-262) from the Virginia Gasette of July 29 and September 30, 1773, some letters (July 16 and 20, and September 22) of Robert C. Nicholas, treasurer of Virginia, relating to the condition of the treasury and to the paper money situation. There is an introductory statement by the editor of the Quarterly.

The Speeches and Orations of John Warwick Daniel, late senator from Virginia, have been compiled by his son, Edward M. Daniel, and published by the J. P. Bell Company of Lynchburg (pp. 787).

The memorial address on the life and services of George Davis, senator from North Carolina in the Confederate Congress and afterward attorney-general of the Confederacy, which was delivered by Judge H. G. Connor at the unveiling at Wilmington on April 11, 1911, of a statue to Davis, has been published by the Cape Fear Chapter, no. 3, of the United Daughters of the Confederacy (pp. 54).

The South Carolina Historical and Genealogical Magazine for January contains an account of Winyah Barony, being the sixth of Mr. Henry A. M. Smith's articles on the baronies of South Carolina. In this issue of the Magazine appears a first installment of the order book of John Faucheraud Grimké, 1778–1780, while the contributions of Mr. Salley and Miss Webber, hitherto mentioned, are continued.

The Mississippi State Department of Archives and History has received by gift from Miss Alice Quitman Lovell of Monmouth, Natchez, a large collection of miscellaneous papers and mementoes from the collections of Mrs. Austin Davis, relating to various periods of the state's history, all of which will be classified and calendared. In addition, numerous gifts of original manuscript material, such as letters and diaries dealing with local Confederate history and including letters of President Davis, have been received, and especially seven volumes of transcripts from the Archives of the Colonies (series C 13, Correspondance-Générale, Louisiane) in Paris.

The Quarterly of the Texas State Historical Association for April contains a paper on the Diplomatic Relations of Texas and the United

States, 1839–1843, by T. M. Marshall; also the second installment of Correspondence from the British Archives concerning Texas, 1837–1846, edited by Professor E. D. Adams. The correspondence here printed covers the period May to November, 1842.

The fifth annual meeting of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association was held at Bloomington, Indiana, May 23, 24, and 25, under the auspices of Indiana University. Following are the more noteworthy papers read at the sessions: The Supreme Court and Unconstitutional Legislation; Historical Origins, an address by the president, Professor A. C. McLaughlin; The Settlement of the John Randolph Slaves in Ohio, by Professor Henry N. Sherwood; The Quakers in the Old Northwest, by Professor Harlow Lindley; The Western Reserve in the Anti-slavery Movement, 1840-1860, by Professor Karl F. Geiser; The Influence of the Mississippi Valley in the Movement for Fifty-four Forty or Fight, by Hon. Daniel Wait Howe; Our New Northwest, by Professor Orin Grant Libby; De Soto's Line of March from the Viewpoint of an Ethnologist, by Mr. John R. Swanton; The Disintegration and Organization of Political Parties in Iowa, 1852-1860, by Professor Louis Pelzer; Attitude of the Western Whigs toward the Convention System, by Mr. Charles Manfred Thompson; Factors Influencing the Development of American Education before the Revolution, by Professor M. W. Jernegan; The Truth about the Battle of Lake Erie, by Dr. Paul Leland Haworth.

Mr. Solon J. Buck's paper entitled Some Materials for the Social History of the Mississippi Valley in the Ninetcenth Century has been reprinted from the Proceedings of the Mississippi Valley Historical Association for the year 1910–1911.

The Wisconsin State Historical Society has issued as separate no. 143, Some Aspects of Politics in the Middle West, 1860-1872, by Professor Evarts B. Greene, first published in the Proceedings of the society for 1911.

The January number of the Ohio Archaeological and Historical Quarterly contains volume II. of the Moravian Records, edited by Professor A. B. Hulbert and Rev. W. N. Schwarze. The records consist of the diary of David Zeisberger's journey to the Ohio, September 20 to November 16, 1767, and the diary of a journey made by David Zeisberger and Gottlob Zensman to Goschgoschink on the Ohio in 1768.

Professor James A. Woodburn, writing for the March issue of the *Indiana Quarterly Magazine of History* concerning the Indiana Centennial of 1916, presents an earnest plea for a state library and historical building.

The initial article in the April number of the *Journal of the Illinois State Historical Society* is an address entitled Illinois, delivered by Mr. Clark E. Carr on December 3, 1911, before the faculty and students of the University of Illinois. The paper entitled Cairo in 1841, by Mr.

John M. Lansden, is concerned principally with the projects of Darius M. Holbrook in connection with the building of Cairo and with the characterizations of the town by Charles Dickens in his *American Notes*. Under the caption The Indian War appear two statements by William Orr, a volunteer in the Black Hawk War, concerning the conduct of the war. They are in the form of letters to the editor of the *Illinois Advocate*, John York Lawyer, but were not published at the time. The number contains also a sketch of the Du Bois family, pioneers of Indiana and Illinois, by Hellen L. Allen.

Chicago: its History and Builders, by J. Seymour Currey, has been brought out by the S. J. Clarke Publishing Company in five volumes, the last two being devoted to biographies. The work is comprehensive, written in an interesting style, and is illustrated with an abundance of old views and sketches that considerably enhance its value.

The Keweenaw Historical Society was organized on June 5 at Houghton, Michigan. The society's field extends over the Keweenaw peninsula and the adjacent "copper country". Its purpose is the collection and preservation of historical material relative to this region as a basis for study and for possible publication. The secretary of the society is Mr. J. A. Doelle, Houghton, Michigan.

Mr. Clarence M. Burton has brought out a second edition of his *Building of Detroit* (pp. 44). There are several plans and maps.

In March a "conference seminar" on the scope and methods of research in Iowa history was held at Iowa City under the auspices of the Iowa Historical Society. During the present summer a group of about ten men will carry on investigation in the general field of Iowa history, under the direction of Professor Shambaugh, superintendent of the state society. The results of their work will eventually be published. The society announces for publication in the near future, a history of the Hollanders in Iowa, by Mr. Jacob Van der Zee.

Paul Walton Black publishes in the April number of the *Iowa Journal* of History and Politics (pp. 151-254) an account of the lynchings in Iowa, beginning with the earliest recorded instances and bringing the record down to 1908. Some effort is made to classify the types of lynchings and to study the causes. The material has been obtained through personal correspondence as well as from newspapers and other printed sources.

Mr. C. C. Stiles contributes to the April number of the Annals of Iowa an account of the boundary line run in accordance with the treaty of October 11, 1842, with the Sac and Fox Indians. The article, which bears the caption, The White Breast Boundary Line, includes the field-notes of the surveyor, George W. Harrison. Mr. Johnson Brigham relates the proceedings in the United States Senate in December, 1856, and January, 1857, concerning the validity of the election of James

Harlan of Iowa, noting in particular how Senator Toombs of Georgia championed the cause of Senator Harlan. Rev. John F. Kempker gives some account of Catholic Missionaries in the early and in the territorial days of Iowa.

The State Historical Society of Missouri recently obtained a number of volumes of manuscript records of Cooper County, Missouri, commencing with 1819, eight volumes of assessment lists in the fifties, two books of the detailed census report of 1850 of that county, more than 700 oaths of loyalty which were required under the Gamble Convention and the Drake Constitution, and various other manuscript records of interest.

The Missouri Historical Review for April contains an account of the Shelby raid in Missouri in 1863, by Captain George S. Grover, a participant in the fights on the Union side; an account of The Battle of Lexington as seen by a Woman, by Mrs. Susan A. Arnold McCausland; and a short study of Daniel Boone, by T. J. Bryant.

Professor F. L. Paxson's paper on *The Admission of the "Omnibus States"*, 1889–1890, which is printed in the *Proceedings* of the State Historical Society of Wisconsin for 1911, has been issued as a separate.

The Kansas Historical Society reports that the new memorial building in which it will be housed is rapidly nearing completion. Among recent accessions to the society's collections may be noted some five hundred photographs of early Kansas, the diary of C. B. Whitney, a scout during the Indian wars of 1868, and the journal of the relief committee organized to aid the sufferers from the drought of 1860–1861.

Among the manuscripts recently acquired by the Oklahoma Historical Society should be noted a journal kept by Joseph Francisco while in the Philippines in 1772.

Vigilante Days and Ways: the Pioneers of the Rockies, by N. P. Langford (McClurg), is concerned particularly with pioneer conditions in Montana and Idaho.

Mr. T. C. Elliott contributes to the September issue of the Quarterly of the Oregon Historical Society an interesting article on David Thompson, Pathfinder, and the Columbia River, and Mr. Frederick V. Holman sets forth "Some of the important Results from the Expeditions of John Jacob Astor to and from the Oregon Country". In "A Hero of Old Astoria" Mrs. Eva Emery Dye tells briefly the story of Ranald McDonald, who ran away to Japan in 1848 and thereby gave impetus to the Perry Expedition. The Quarterly reprints from the Congressional Record of July 15, 1911, the report on the territory of Oregon made by Charles Wilkes, commander of the United States Exploring Expedition, 1838–1842. This issue also contains the fourth of Mr. W. C. Woodward's papers on the Rise and Early History of Political Parties in Oregon, which deals with the period 1857–1859.

Fifty Years in Oregon: Experiences, Observations, and Commentaries upon Men, Measures, and Customs in Pioneer Days and Later Times is by Theodore T. Geer, governor of Oregon, 1899–1903 (New York, Neale).

"Jesse Applegate, Pioneer and State Builder" (pp. 13), by Joseph Schafer, is the February number of the *University of Oregon Bulletin*.

Volume II., part I, of Father Zephyrin Engelhardt's Missions and Missionaries of California has appeared (San Francisco, J. H. Barry and Company).

Mr. Zoeth S. Eldredge of San Francisco is about to bring out, publishing them himself, two volumes entitled *The Beginnings of San Francisco*, the fruit of several years of research in Spanish and other archives. One volume will consist of narrative, the other of notes.

Houghton Mifflin Company have brought out a volume entitled The Contest for California in 1861: how Colonel E. D. Baker saved the Pacific States to the Union, by E. R. Kennedy. The book includes a biography of Colonel Baker, who was a member of Congress from Illinois, served through the Mexican War, was elected to the United States Senate from Oregon in 1860, and resigned his seat to take command of a regiment of volunteers.

The Archives of the Dominion of Canada have been transferred from the Department of Agriculture to the Department of State, and the archivist, Dr. Arthur G. Doughty, C.M.G., has been given the rank of a deputy minister.

The Independence of Chile, by A. Stuart M. Chisholm (Sherman, French, and Company), gives especial attention to that period of confusion in Spanish affairs, beginning in 1788, which set the stage for the South American revolts.

Noteworthy articles in periodicals: E. S. Corwin, National Power and State Interposition, 1787-1861 (Michigan Law Review, May); O. G. Libby, A Sketch of the Early Political Parties of the United States (Quarterly Journal of the University of North Dakota, April); H. G. Connor, James Iredell: Lawyer, Statesman, Judge (University of Pennsylvania Law Review, January); James Barnes, The Spirit of 1812 (Harper's, May); S. M. Arthur, Early Steamboat Days (Scribner's, March); R. M. Hughes, Some War Letters of General Joseph E. Johnston (Journal of the Military Service Institution, May-June); Morris Schaff, The Sunset of the Confederacy, II., III. (Atlantic Monthly, April, May); J. G. De Roulhac Hamilton, The Elections of 1872 in North Carolina (South Atlantic Quarterly, April); C. W. Collins, jr., The Failure of the Fourteenth Amendment as a Constitutional Ideal (ibid.); W. S. Schley, Admiral Schley's Own Story, IV., V., VI. (Cosmopolitan, March, April, May); C. O. Paullin, The American

Navy in the Orient in Recent Years, III. (U. S. Naval Institute Proceedings, March); Allen Johnson, Tendencies of Recent American Biography (Yale Review, April); J. A. Mansó, The Quest of El Dorado, I.-V. (Pan American Union, January-May); La Independencia de Méjico: Correspondencia inédita con el P. Hosé Muñoz Capilla (España y América, March 1, April 1).

# CORRIGENDA

In our last issue, page 460, line 24, in the account of Professor Barker's Buffalo paper, the date should be August, 1835, instead of 1833.

In Mr. Charles Francis Adams's article on the Trent Affair, at the beginning of the third paragraph on page 556, the reading should have been, "As was then alleged, it was regarded in America as having been, on the part of Great Britain, a case of uncalled for, unnecessarily offensive braggadocio", etc.

On page 690, line 3, the reading should be not Miss, but Mr. Selatie E. Stout.